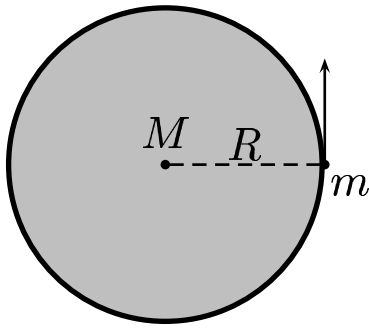


Denote the mass and radius of the earth by  $M$  and  $R$ . Assume effects due to the presence of other planets and the sun are negligible.



Find the minimum kinetic energy of a rocket with mass  $m$ , which allows it to move infinitely far away from the earth. This kinetic energy is referred to as the “escape kinetic energy”. Choose one

- A) Escape kinetic energy is  $\frac{G m M}{R}$ .
- B) Escape kinetic energy is  $\frac{G m M}{2 R}$ .
- C) Escape kinetic energy is  $\frac{G m M}{R^2}$ .
- D) Escape kinetic energy is  $\frac{G m M}{2 R^2}$ .

When the rocket is infinitely far away from the earth, its minimum total energy is 0.

So, the minimum kinetic energy  $K$  required may be determined through the relation

$$U(R) + K = 0.$$

Thus

$$K = \frac{G m M}{R}.$$

Answer **A**

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