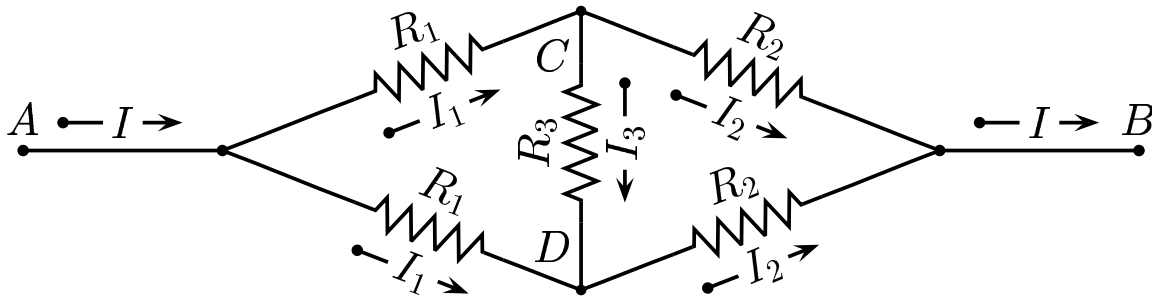


The current enters at A and leaves at B .

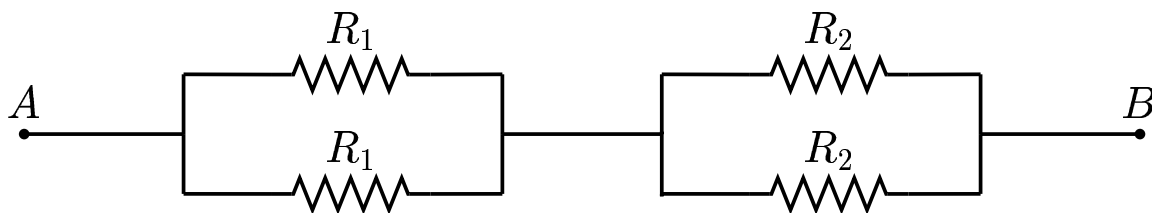


Determine the equivalent resistance R_{eq} of the network.

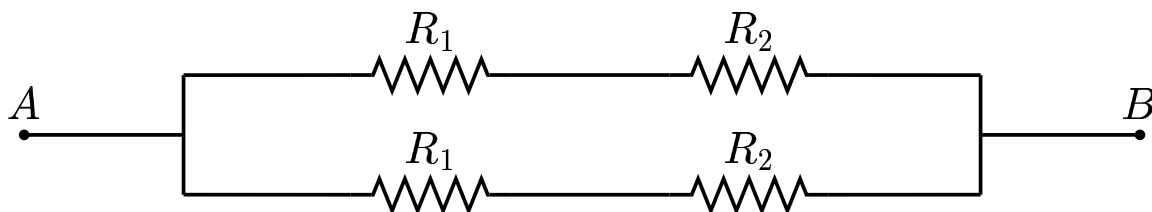
- A) $R_{eq} = R_1 + R_2$
- B) $R_{eq} = \frac{1}{2} (R_1 + R_2)$
- C) $R_{eq} = \frac{R_1 R_2 + R_1 R_3 + R_2 R_3}{R_1 + R_2}$
- D) $R_{eq} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{R_1 R_2 + R_1 R_3 + R_2 R_3}{R_1 + R_2}$
- E) $R_{eq} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{R_1 R_2 + R_1 R_3 + R_2 R_3}{R_3}$

Hint: The network is symmetric.

The left-hand and right-hand loop equations are $-I_1 R_1 - I_3 R_3 + I_1 R_1 = 0$ and also $-I_2 R_2 + I_2 R_2 + I_3 R_3 = 0$ thus $I_3 = 0$.



$$R_{eq} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_1}} + \frac{1}{\frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_2}} = \frac{1}{\frac{2}{R_1}} + \frac{1}{\frac{2}{R_2}} = \frac{1}{2} R_1 + \frac{1}{2} R_2 = \frac{1}{2} (R_1 + R_2)$$



$$R_{eq} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{R_1 + R_2} + \frac{1}{R_1 + R_2}} = \frac{1}{\frac{2}{R_1 + R_2}} = \frac{1}{2} (R_1 + R_2)$$

Answer C.

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