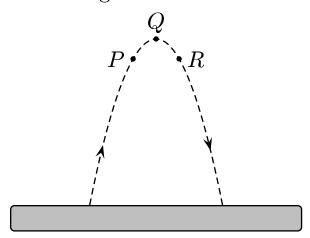
A ball is thrown and follows the parabolic path shown. Air friction is negligible. Point Q is the highest point on the path. Points P and R are the same height above the ground.



How do the speeds of the ball at the three points compare?

- $\mathbf{A}) \quad \|\vec{v}_{\scriptscriptstyle Q}\| < \|\vec{v}_{\scriptscriptstyle R}\| < \|\vec{v}_{\scriptscriptstyle P}\|$
- $\mathbf{B}) \quad \|\vec{v}_P\| < \|\vec{v}_Q\| < \|\vec{v}_R\|$
- $\mathbf{C}) \quad \|\vec{v}_{R}\| < \|\vec{v}_{Q}\| < \|\vec{v}_{P}\|$
- $\mathbf{D}) \quad \|\vec{v}_{\scriptscriptstyle O}\| < \|\vec{v}_{\scriptscriptstyle P}\| = \|\vec{v}_{\scriptscriptstyle R}\|$
- $\mathbf{E}) \quad \|\vec{v}_P\| = \|\vec{v}_R\| < \|\vec{v}_Q\|$

The speed of the ball in the x-direction is constant. Because of gravitational acceleration, the speed in the y-direction goes to zero at point Q. Since points P and R are located at the same point above ground, by symmetry we see that they have the same speed in the y-direction (though they do not have the same velocity). The answer is then " $v_O < v_P = v_R$ ".

Answer **D**.