



Given:  $k$ ,  $m_1$ ,  $m_2$ .  
 When  $m_2$  is at a position  $A$ , the spring is in its relaxed state. Release  $m_2$  at  $A$ ,  $m_1$  is moving together with  $m_2$  as  $m_2$  is descending.  $m_2$  stops at  $B$ .

The work energy relation from  $A$  to  $B$  leads to

- A)  $m_1 g h = k \frac{h^2}{2} + \mu m_1 g h$ .
- B)  $m_2 g h = k \frac{h^2}{2} + \mu m_1 g h$ .
- C)  $(m_1 + m_2) g h = k \frac{h^2}{2} + \mu m_1 g h$ .

$$(U_B^g - U_A^g) = m_2 g h,$$

$$(U_B^{sp} - U_A^{sp}) = k \frac{h^2}{2},$$

$$W_{AB}^{dis} = \mu m_1 g.$$

Putting these terms together and rearranging lead to the expression  $m_2 g h = k \frac{h^2}{2} + \mu m_1 g h$ .

Answer **B**.