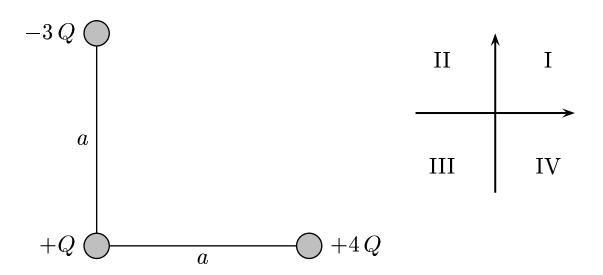
Q is at the origin, +4Q is on the positive x-axis a distance a from the origin, and -3 Q is on the positive y-axis a distance a from the origin.



Determine the magnitude of the electric force on the charge +Q at the bottom left-hand corner (at the origin).

A)
$$\|\vec{F}\| = 3 \frac{Q^2}{r^2}$$
.

C)
$$\|\vec{F}\| = 5 \frac{Q^2}{r^2}$$
.

B)
$$\|\vec{F}\| = 4 \frac{Q^2}{r^2}$$
.

C)
$$\|\vec{F}\| = 5 \frac{Q^2}{r^2}$$
.
D) $\|\vec{F}\| = \sqrt{5} \frac{Q^2}{r^2}$.

Coulomb's law is $\vec{F}_{AB} = k \frac{Q_A Q_B}{r^2} \hat{r}_{AB}$, which tells us that unlike charges attract and like charges repel.

$$F = \sqrt{F_{(+Q \leftarrow -3Q)}}$$

$$\|\vec{F}\| = \sqrt{4^2 + 3^2} \frac{Q^2}{a^2} = 5 \frac{Q^2}{r^2}.$$

Answer C.